

“How to Differentiate a Computer Program”

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November 21, 2017

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What AD is not ...

What AD is good at ...

What AD is useful for ...

Time permitting ... An example

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- This has been automated - it is called **Algorithmic** (or **Automatic**) **Differentiation**, or **AD** for short.

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```
> library(adlaComp)
> f<-adlaComp(
  adlaMat f(const adlaMat& X)
{
  Eigen::EigenSolver<adlaMat> es(X);
  return es.pseudoEigenvectors();
}
')
> x<-matrix(c(1,2,3,4),2,2)
> f(x)
     [,1]      [,2]
[1,] -0.9093767 -0.4159736
[2,]  0.4159736 -0.9093767
```

Time permitting ... An example using R

- Calculate Jacobian.

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```
> J(f)(x)
      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
[1,]  0.02739166 -0.01252969  0.05988202 -0.02739166
[2,] -0.05988202  0.02739166 -0.13091051  0.05988202
[3,]  0.05988202 -0.02739166  0.13091051 -0.05988202
[4,]  0.02739166 -0.01252969  0.05988202 -0.02739166
```

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- Calculate (stacked) Hessian.

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```
> H(f)(x)
      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]      [,5]
[1,]  0.009551480 -0.006550244  0.0104567584 -0.009551480 -0.0104567584
[2,] -0.006550244  0.003993971 -0.0095514802  0.006550244  0.0095514802
[3,]  0.010456758 -0.009551480  0.0000713503 -0.010456758 -0.0000713503
[4,] -0.009551480  0.006550244 -0.0104567584  0.009551480  0.0104567584
      [,6]      [,7]      [,8]      [,9]      [,10]
[1,]  0.009551480 -0.0000713503  0.0104567584  0.0104567584 -0.009551480
[2,] -0.006550244  0.0104567584 -0.0095514802 -0.0095514802  0.006550244
[3,]  0.010456758  0.0496630913  0.0000713503  0.0000713503 -0.010456758
[4,] -0.009551480  0.0000713503 -0.0104567584 -0.0104567584  0.009551480
      [,11]      [,12]      [,13]      [,14]      [,15]
[1,]  0.0000713503 -0.0104567584  0.009551480 -0.006550244  0.0104567584
[2,] -0.0104567584  0.0095514802 -0.006550244  0.003993971 -0.0095514802
[3,] -0.0496630913 -0.0000713503  0.010456758 -0.009551480  0.0000713503
[4,] -0.0000713503  0.0104567584 -0.009551480  0.006550244 -0.0104567584
      [,16]
[1,] -0.009551480
[2,]  0.006550244
[3,] -0.010456758
[4,]  0.009551480
```